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PART III—Section 1.

NOTIFICATIONS BY GOVERNMENT.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT.

No. 1608—*C. B.* 61-32-4, *dated* 16*th November* 1932.

His Highness the Maharaja desires to place on record his sense of the loss sustained by the State by the sudden death of *Rajadharmapravina* Mr. C. S. Doraswamy Iyer, B.A. B.L., Chief Justice, High Court of Mysore, which sad event occurred on the evening of Saturday the 12th November 1932.

After some years of successful practice as an Advocate of the Chief Court of Mysore the late Mr. Doraswamy Iyer was appointed as Public Prosecutor, Bangalore Division, in February 1910 and as Government Advocate about a year later, in which capacity he served with conspicuous ability for a period of nearly nine years. In January 1919 he was appointed to act as a Judge of the Chief Court for about a year in a temporary vacancy. He was permanently appointed as a Judge of the Chief Court in July 1925 and was elevated to the position of Chief Justice two years later. Throughout his judicial career he displayed talents of a high order and his great legal attainments and administrative ability were of the highest value in the conduct of the work of the Judicial Department. His genial disposition made him very popular with all who came in contact with him. In recognition of the eminent services rendered by him to the Judicial Adminstration, His Highness the Maharaja was pleased to confer on him the title of "*Rajadharmapravina*" in the Dasara Durbar of 1928.

His Highness desires to convey to the members of the family of the late Mr. Doraswamy Iyer, his deep sympathy with them in their bereavement.

No. 1586—*C. B.* 61-32-1, *dated* 13*th November* 1932.

As a mark of respect to the memory of the late Chief Justice *Rajadharmapravina* C. S. Doraswamy Iyer, B.A., B.L., Government direct that all the Courts in the State be closed on Monday the 14th November 1932.

No. G. 3360—*Ft.* 183-31-7, *dated* 9*th November* 1932.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare under the provisions of section 4 (b) of the Mysore Game and Fish Preservation Regulation II of 1901 that, from this date, the Bethamangala and Holali tanks situated in the Kolar Gold Fields Area in the Kolar District shall be deemed to be 'Game and Fish Preserves' wherein no one shall shoot, hunt, fish or set traps or snares except with the express sanction of the Government.

Exception.—The Members of the Kolar Gold Fields Boating club may shoot during the X'Mas week after obtaining the usual shooting licenses.

No. G. 3395—*Ft.* 88-32-6, *dated* 10*th November* 1932.

Under Section 48 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the following properties notified for acquisition in Government Notification No. G. 160—Ft. 221-30-9, dated 7th July 1931 and published at pages 585, 586 and 591 of Part III Section 1 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 16th July 1931 :—

Kolar District — *Bowringpet Taluk.*

			A.	g.
(1) Kamasandra village				
Survey No. 35	area		0	13
Survey No. 92—3	"		0	5
(2) Keermande—				
Survey No. 81—2	"		0	8
(3) Bompalli—				
Survey No. 1—1	"		0	5
1—3	"		0	5
58	"		0	8
43—1	"		0	8

No. P. 2726—*Legis.* 19-32-6, *dated* 11*th*—12*th November* 1932.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to appoint Mr. H. C. Dasappa, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, Mysore, as a non-official member of the Board constituted in Notification No. P. 220—Legis. 7-31-41, dated 11th July 1932 for the examination and certification of cinema films in the Mysore District, in place of *Dharmaprakasa* Sowcar D. Banumiah, deceased.

No. 1603—*C. B.* 6-32-39, *dated* 15*th November* 1932.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to sanction the award of certificates to the undermentioned gentlemen in recognition of the Public Services rendered by them as indicated against each :—

Name	Particulars of services rendered
1. Mr. Ramiah Setty, Land-holder, Honnayakanahalli, Channapatna Taluk.	Has constructed a school building at a cost of about Rs. 2,000 and a drinking water katte at a cost of about Rs. 2,000.
2. Mr. Alampally Adinarayana Setty, Sowcar, Dodballapur Town.	Has given an Endowment of Rs. 4,000 for the Janardanaswamy temple at Dodballapur and a donation of Rs. ,000 for the proposed water works in Dodballapur. He also worked as a Municipal Councillor, a Representative Assembly Member and Bench Magistrate.
3. Mr. Kukkala Narsnappa, Zamindar, Devara Mallur, Sidlaghatta Taluk.	Has constructed a school building at a cost of Rs. 2,000
4. Messrs. Devegowda and Lingegowda, Sons of Kuntakalegowda of Kothanaghatta, Chennarayapatna Taluk.	Have Constructed a school building worth Rs. 2,500.
5. Mr. J. Ganesha Rao, Javali, Mudigere Taluk ..	Has contributed Rs. 3,000 for a dispensary building at Javali.
6. Mr. G. Venkatachalaiya, Sowcar, Badavanahalli, Madhugiri Taluk.	Has given a building worth Rs. 2,000 for the school at the place.
7. Mr. Papiah Chetty, Badavanahalli, Madhugiri Taluk	Has given a building worth Rs. 2,000 for the use of the School.
8. Mr. Yemool Venkatarayappa, Vice-President, Gernapalli Chikballapur Taluk.	Has worked as a member of the Chikballapur Municipal Council for the past 20 years and as its Vice-President from 1925. Is a zealous agriculturist and has introduced improved methods of cultivation and is the Chairman of the Village and Tank Panchayets of his village.
9. Captain Y. V. Krishna Murthy	Has rendered good services in connection with the Boy Scout Movement.

No. G. 3543—*Mily.* 96-32-2, *dated* 15*th November* 1932.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION IN MARCH AND APRIL 1933 FOR ADMISSION TO THE INDIAN MILITARY ACADEMY, DEHRA DUN AND THE ROYAL AIR FORCE COLLEGE, CRANWELL.

The following Notice dated 8th October 1932, received from the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Delhi, calling for applications for the above examination is published for general information :—

NOTICE.

A competitive examination will be held in Delhi on the 27th March 1933, and subsequent days, for entry to the Indian Military Academy and Royal Air Force College, Cranwell, in the terms beginning on the 24th August and in September 1933, respectively.

2. The examination will be a combined examination for the purpose of filling vacancies in the two institutions mentioned above. A candidate may apply to be admitted as a candidate for both or either of the Institutions. If he wishes to be admitted as a candidate for both, he should state this on his application form. Separate applications are not required. He will be required to pay the application fee once only. If he proves successful as a candidate for both the Institutions, he will ordinarily be assigned to that Institution for which he expressed a preference at the time of his application, provided that the vacancies have not already been filled but the Government of India reserve power to assign him to either Institution for which he is a candidate.

3. At this examination, 15 vacancies will be offered for entry to the Indian Military Academy, of which, twelve will be filled by competition and three by nomination from among those who have qualified but failed to obtain sufficient marks to secure one of the vacancies. Three vacancies will be filled by competition for entry to the Royal Air Force College, Cranwell.

4. The examination will be the same for all arms of the Indian Army, *i.e.*, Cavalry, Artillery, Signals, Engineers and Infantry. Those cadets who wish to elect for the Artillery, Engineers and Signals will be permitted to do so during their course at the Academy.

5. Candidates must be over 18 and under 20 years of age on the 1st May 1933, unmarried and domiciled in India. A candidate who desires to appear at the examination is required to submit his application in the prescribed form with the necessary documents on or before the 20th December 1932, in accordance with the instructions given on that form. Copies of the Application Form, together with the rules relating to the examination, may be obtained from the Secretary to the Public Service Commission, Metcalfe House, Delhi.

6. Applications should be sent by registered post. If a candidate fails to register his application, he does so at his own risk. If a candidate desires an acknowledgment, he should also send his application "acknowledgment due."

No. G. 3479—*Ft.* 132-32-2, *dated* 12*th November* 1932.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to declare under the provisions of section 35 (iii) of the Mysore Forest Regulation, that the land, the limits of which are described in the schedule annexed hereto, shall be "Reserved land" (Sandal Reserve) for the purposes of the General Rules for the management of District Forests published under Government Order No. 245-1300, dated 2nd October 1901.

Schedule.

Name of District	Name of Taluk	Name of Hobli	Name of village	Name of Block	Area in acres	Situation
					A. G.	
Hassan ..	Arkalgud ..	Konanur ..	Kesavathur ..	Kesavathur Sandal Reserve.	161 12	The block is situated to the south-west of Arkalgud Town about 10 miles from it.

Boundaries.

North and East.—Starting from the tri-junction bandhs of Chikbemmatti, Kesavathur and Arsikatte Kaval, the line runs south-east along the common boundary between Kesavathur and Arsikatte Kaval for a distance of about 7 furlongs to the north-east corner of Survey No. 2 of Kesavathur village.

South.—Then, the line runs north-west along the northern side of Survey Nos. 2, 135 and 123 of the same village to the south-east corner of Survey No. 124; then, the line runs along the eastern, northern and western sides of the same survey number to its south-west corner; then the line runs west and south-west along the northern and western sides of Survey No. 125 to the north-east corner of Survey No. 126; then the line runs north-west and west along the northern side of Survey Nos. 126 and 127 to the north-west corner of the latter survey number; then the line runs south for about a distance of four chains along the western side of Survey No. 127 to the north-east corner of Survey No. 130; then, the line runs west along the northern side of Survey No. 130 to its north-west corner on the common boundary between Kesavathur and Pemmanahalli villages.

West.—Then, the line runs north-west along the eastern side of Survey Nos. 2 and 37 of Pemmanahalli village to the north-east corner of the latter survey number; then, the line runs west along the northern side of the same Survey Number for a distance of about 1½ chains to the south-east corner of survey number 36; then the line runs north-west along the eastern side of Survey Nos. 36 and 34 to the tri-junction bandhs of Pemmanahalli, Kesavathur and Chikbemmatti villages; then the line runs north-east along the eastern side of Survey No. 33 of Chikbemmatti for a distance of about 2½ furlongs to the starting point.

No. G. 3359—*Ft.* 131-32-3, *dated 9th November* 1932.

The Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to declare under section 17 of the Mysore Forest Regulation XI of 1900, that from 15th December 1932, the area, the boundaries of which are set forth in the schedule appended to this notification shall be deemed to be a State Forest.

Schedule.

District	Taluk	Hobli	Village	Area	Name of block	Remarks
				A. g.		
Bangalore ..	Anekal ..	Kasaba ..	Kumbaranahalli Soppanahalli ..	85 10	Kumbarana-halli. Planta-tion.	This block is situated at a distance of about four miles to the north of Anekal along the left of Bangalore-Anekal Road.

Boundaries.

North.—Starting from a point about ten chains south to the junction bandh of Haragadde and Lingapura, the line runs east for about 20 chains along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 6 of Kumbaranahalli and western boundary of Survey No. 36 of Soppanahalli to a point 15 chains south-west to the south-west corner of Survey No. 38 of Soppanahalli.

East.—Then, the line turns south and runs along the western boundary of Survey No. 36 of Soppanahalli for about 48 chains to a point about six chains east to the tri-junction bandh of Kumbaranahalli, Soppanahalli and Suragan Jakkanahalli.

South.—Then, the line turns west and runs along the western boundary of Survey No. 36 of Soppanahalli for about six chains to the tri-junction bandh of Kumbaranahalli, Soppanahalli and Suragan Jakkanahalli, then in the same direction along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 6 of Kumbaranahalli to a point about 12 chains west to the tri-junction bandh of Kumbaranahalli, Soppanahalli and Suragan Jakkanahalli.

West.—Then, the line turns north and runs along the eastern boundary of Survey No. 6 of Kumbaranahalli for about 48 chains till it meets the starting point.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Offg. *Chief-Secretary to Government.*